

History

1949.3

Men's Shop Ogori Shoji founded as a private enterprise in Ube City, Yamaguchi Prefecture.

1963.5

Ogori Shoji Co., Ltd., established, with capital of ¥6 million, as a successor to the original business.

1984.6

The first UNIQLO store specializing in casual clothing opened in Hiroshima City (UNIQLO Fukuromachi store; closed in August 1991).



1985.6

The first UNIQLO roadside store opened. Following immediate success, the format was adopted as the new standard.



1991.9

The Company's name changed from Ogori Shoji to FAST RETAILING CO., LTD.

1994.7

The Company's stock listed on the Hiroshima Stock Exchange.

1997.4

The Company's stock listed on the Second Section of the Tokyo Stock Exchange.

1998.2

The Head Office constructed in Yamaguchi Prefecture.



1998.10

The ¥1,900 fleece campaign attracted great public attention.



1998.11

The first downtown store opened in the fashionable Harajuku district of Tokyo.



1999.2

The Company's stock listed on the First Section of the Tokyo Stock Exchange.

1999.4

The Shanghai Office established to further enhance production management.

2000.4

The headquarter functions moved to Tokyo to promote merchandising and marketing.

2000.10

Internet online sales business launched.

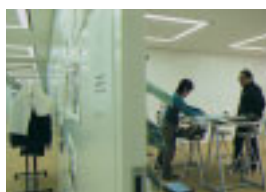
2001.9

UNIQLO's first overseas expansion began with store openings in London.



2002.4

UNIQLO Design Studio (current R&D Center) established.



2002.9

Opened first two UNIQLO stores in Shanghai, China.

2002.11

Started food business under the SKIP brand name (exited the business in April 2004).

2003.10

The cashmere campaign stimulated high consumer interest.



2004.1

Took an equity stake in Link International Co., Ltd. (now LINK THEORY HOLDINGS CO., LTD.), marketer of the Theory apparel brand.



2004.2

National Standard Inc., marketer of the national standard women's apparel brand, became a consolidated subsidiary. (Withdrew in March 2006)

2004.10

Opened the first large-format UNIQLO store in Shinsaibashi, Osaka.



2004.12

Established UNIQLO Design Studio, New York, Inc. design subsidiary to help strengthen the R&D function.

2005.3

Footwear retail chain ONE-ZONE CORPORATION (store names include FOOTPARK, etc.) became a consolidated subsidiary.



UNIQLO is the cornerstone of the business portfolio of FAST RETAILING CO., LTD., which was founded in 1963. The first UNIQLO store was opened in Hiroshima in 1984, and, since then, the Company opened a series of stores throughout Japan and listed its shares on the Hiroshima Stock Exchange in 1994. Its network of stores grew to become Japan's largest apparel chain, with more than 300 stores as of 1997. The store that opened in the trendy Harajuku district in 1998 was UNIQLO's first store in urban Tokyo, and a fleece campaign in October of the same year created a surge in demand for its products.

Net sales doubled in the years ended August 31, 2000 and 2001, but net sales and income fell back. To sustain growth, the Company moved in November 2005 to a holding company structure and took steps to refocus on the entrepreneurial values, enhance Group management, and make its operations more global.

2005.5

Obtained management control of NELSON FINANCES S.A.S., developer of the COMPTOIR DES COTONNIERS French casual clothing brand.

2005.5

Established COMPTOIR DES COTONNIERS JAPAN CO., LTD., with the aim of developing the brand in Japan.



2005.9

ASPESI Japan Co., Ltd., set up as a consolidated subsidiary to market the Italian ASPESI brand in Japan.

2005.9

Opened first UNIQLO store in South Korea (Seoul).

2005.9

Opened first store in United States (New Jersey).

2005.9

Opened first store in Hong Kong (Tsim Sha Tsui shopping district).

2005.9

Opened first women's inner wear specialty store, BODY by UNIQLO, in Tokyo's Ginza shopping district.



2005.9

Opened UNIQLO flagship store in Ginza, Tokyo.



2005.10

Opened first UNIQLO KIDS store.

2005.11

Shifted to a holding company structure to strengthen UNIQLO operations and drive new business expansion.

2006.2

PETIT VEHICULE S.A. becomes a FAST RETAILING subsidiary developing the PRINCESSE TAM.TAM brand in France and other parts of Europe.



2006.3

Established G.U. CO., LTD. to develop low-priced casual clothing g.u. brand stores.

2006.4

Invested in CABIN CO., LTD. to develop, design, and retail women's clothing (store names include ZAZIE, enraciné, etc.) (Became a subsidiary in August 2006)



2006.6

UNIQLO CO., LTD. formed a business tie-up to create a strategic partnership with TORAY INDUSTRIES, INC.

2006.9

Commenced activities to recycle all UNIQLO products.



2006.10

The first g.u. store opened in Ichikawa City, Chiba Prefecture.



2006.11

Signed a business and capital alliance agreement with VIEWCOMPANY CO.,LTD., developer of the chain of VIEW and COO ICI shoe stores for women.



2006.11

UNIQLO New York Soho store opened in New York City as the first global flagship store with 3,300 square meters of sales floor space.



2007.3

Opened the Kobe Harborland store, the largest UNIQLO store in Japan, with over 3,300 square meters of floor space.

2007.4

Opened T-shirt specialty store UT STORE HARAJUKU.

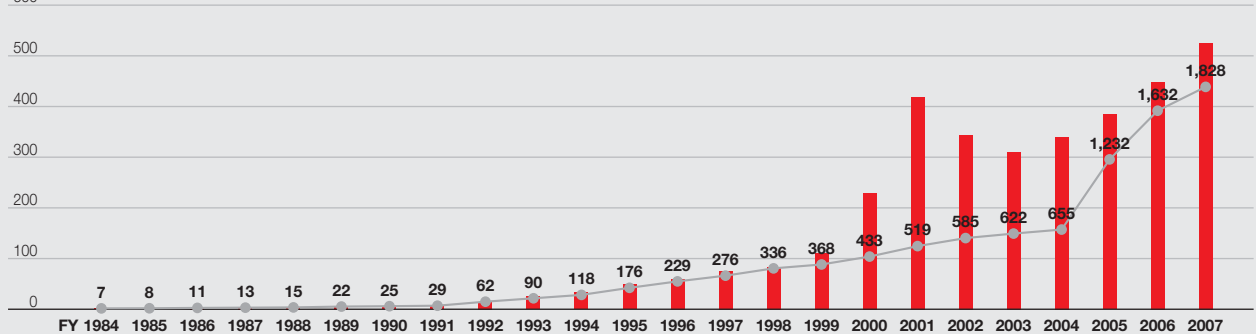


2007.11

Opened a global flagship store on London's Oxford Street.

Sales and Stores of FAST RETAILING Group

(Billions of yen)



Note: On a consolidated basis from fiscal 2002.