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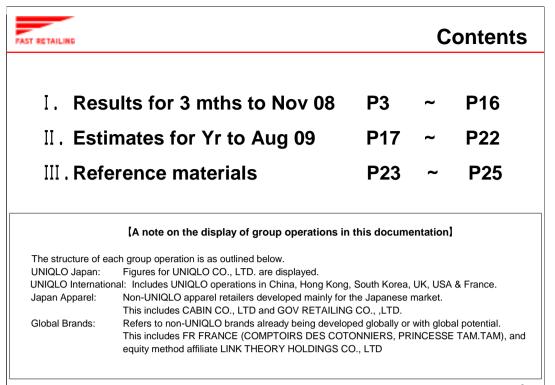


# Business results for 3 months to November 2008 & estimates for year to August 2009

Makoto Yoshitaka FAST RETAILING CO., LTD. Senior Vice President & CF0

My name is Makoto Yoshitaka and I am Senior Vice President & CFO at FAST RETAILING CO., LTD.

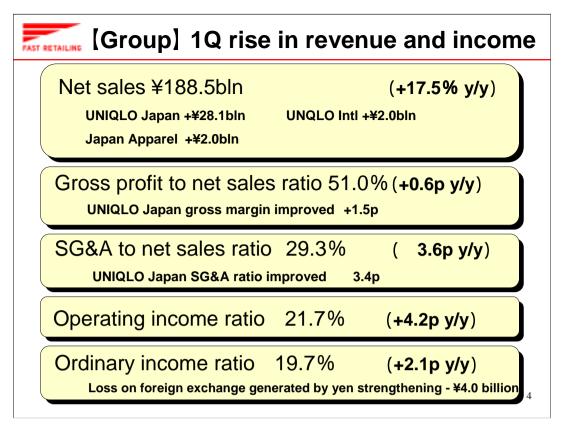
I would like to take you through our business results for the three months to November 2008 today and also our estimates for the year to end August 2009.



let sales Operating inco Ordinary incon	NE : ¥37	.9bln ( .0bln (	(+45.6%) +31.0% )	<b>y/y</b> )
Operating inco	ome: ¥40 ne : ¥37 <sup>Yr to Aug 08</sup>	.9bln ( .0bln (	(+45.6%) +31.0% )	<b>y/y</b> )
Drdinary incon	Yr to Aug 08	Bi	llions of yen	y/y)
	-			
	-	Vr to Au		
	Yr to Aug 08Yr to Au(3mths to Nov 07)(3mths to		•	
	Actual	Actual	y/y	
Net sales	160.4	188.5	+ 17.5%	
(to net sales)	100.0%	100.0%		
Gross profit				
(				
( ) ) ) ) )				
, , ,				
Other gains/losses (to net sales)	0.8	0.1		
Net income	15.4	22.1	+ 43.6%	
(to net sales)	9.6%	11.8%	+ 2.2 p	
	(to net sales) Gross profit (to net sales) SG&A expenses (to net sales) Operating income (to net sales) Ordinary income (to net sales) Other gains/losses (to net sales) Net income (to net sales)	(to net sales)     100.0%       Gross profit     80.9       (to net sales)     50.4%       SG&A expenses     52.7       (to net sales)     32.9%       Operating income     28.1       (to net sales)     17.5%       Ordinary income     28.3       (to net sales)     17.6%       Other gains/losses     0.8       (to net sales)     9.6%	Iteration         Iteration <thiteration< th=""> <thiteration< th=""> <thi< td=""><td>Ite Charles         100.0%         100.0%           (to net sales)         100.0%         100.0%           Gross profit         80.9         96.1         + 18.8%           (to net sales)         50.4%         51.0%         + 0.6p           SG&amp;A expenses         52.7         55.1         + 4.5%           (to net sales)         32.9%         29.3%         3.6p           Operating income         28.1         40.9         + 45.6%           (to net sales)         17.5%         21.7%         + 4.2p           Ordinary income         28.3         37.0         + 31.0%           (to net sales)         17.6%         19.7%         + 2.1p           Other gains/losses         0.8         0.1         -           (to net sales)         15.4         22.1         + 43.6%</td></thi<></thiteration<></thiteration<>	Ite Charles         100.0%         100.0%           (to net sales)         100.0%         100.0%           Gross profit         80.9         96.1         + 18.8%           (to net sales)         50.4%         51.0%         + 0.6p           SG&A expenses         52.7         55.1         + 4.5%           (to net sales)         32.9%         29.3%         3.6p           Operating income         28.1         40.9         + 45.6%           (to net sales)         17.5%         21.7%         + 4.2p           Ordinary income         28.3         37.0         + 31.0%           (to net sales)         17.6%         19.7%         + 2.1p           Other gains/losses         0.8         0.1         -           (to net sales)         15.4         22.1         + 43.6%

First, let us run through our business performance for the first quarter – the three months to November 2008.

Net sales rose 17.5% year on year to ¥188.5bln, operating income increased 45.6% year on year to ¥40.9bln, and ordinary income rose 31.0% year on year to ¥37.0bln.



Net sales in the first quarter rose 17.5% year on year, or ¥28.0bln, to ¥188.5bln.

The main factors fueling this leap in revenue were: a ¥28.1bln increase in revenue at UNIQLO Japan, a ¥2.0bln increase in revenue at UNIQLO International, and a ¥2.0bln increase in revenue from the Japan Apparel operation following the incorporation of the VIEW operation from this business year through August 2009.

Our gross profit ratio improved by 0.6 points year on year in the first quarter. That was mainly thanks to a 1.5 point increase in gross margin at UNIQLO Japan.

Although our SG&A expenses increased by ¥2.3bln in monetary terms, the SG&A to net sales ratio improved 3.6 points. This was due in the main to a 3.4 point improvement in the ratio at UNIQLO Japan where overall net sales continued strong.

As a result, we posted an operating income of ¥40.9bln, up 45.6% year on year. That generated a 4.2 point improvement in our operating income ratio to 21.7%.

The sharp strengthening of the yen has generated a foreign currency transaction loss of ¥4.0bn as a non-operating cost for the first quarter. The includes loans made by FAST RETAILING HD to overseas subsidiaries, and losses on payables in foreign currencies by Japan-based UNIQLO CO., LTD. on behalf of UNIQLO International subsidiaries.

Our ordinary income total rose 31.0% year on year to ¥37.0bln, and the ordinary income to net sales ratio rose 2.1 points to 19.7% in the first quarter.



### 1Q results by operation

		Yr to Aug 08 3 mths to Nov 07	Yr to Au 3 mths to N	
		Actual	Actual	y/y
	Net sales	129.2	157.3	+ 21.8%
UNIQLO Japan	Operating income/loss	26.0	39.3	+ 51.2%
	(to net sales)	20.2%	25.0%	+ 4.8p
	Net sales	7.0	9.0	+ 27.6%
INIQLO International	Operating income/loss	0.2	0.7	+ 232.1%
	(to net sales)	3.0%	7.9%	+ 4.9p
	Net sales	11.6	13.6	+ 16.9%
Japan Apparel	Operating income/loss	0.2	0.2	-
	(to net sales)	-	2.2%	
	Net sales	12.2	7.9	35.5%
Global Brands( )	Operating income/loss	2.4	1.0	59.4%
	(to net sales)	20.3%	12.8%	7.5p

This slide shows performance by our four main operational segments. The following slides will explain these figures in more detail.

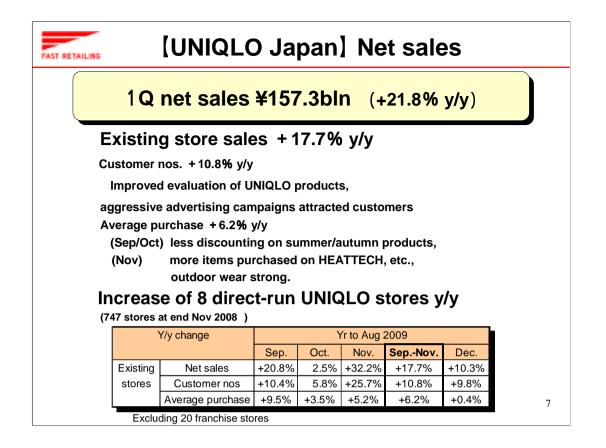
ST RETAILING	[UNIQLO Japan] 3 months to Nov 0								
Pr	ofit leaps o	n back of	fstrong	sales					
	t sales oss profit		3bln ( <b>+21</b> 9bln ( <b>+25</b>						
Op	erating incon	ne :¥ 39.3	3bln ( <b>+51</b>	.2% y/y) Billions of yen					
		Yr to Aug 08 (3 mths to Nov 07)	Yr to Au (3 mths to N	g 09					
	Net sales (to net sales)	Actual 129.2	Actual 157.3 100.0%	y/y + 21.8%					
	Gross profit (to net sales)	62.1	<b>77.9</b> 49.6%	+ 25.5% + 1.5p					
	SG&A expenses (to net sales)	<b>36.0</b> 27.9%	<b>38.5</b> 24.5%	+ 7.0% 3.4p					
	Operating income (to net sales)	26.0 20.2%	<b>39.3</b> 25.0%	+ 51.2% + 4.8p	e				

First of all, we achieved a significant leap in both revenue and income at our UNIQLO Japan segment with net sales rising 21.8% year on year to ¥157.3bln and operating income leaping 51.2% year on year to ¥39.3bln.

Net sales exceeded our initial estimates by as much as ¥20.0bln thanks to strong sales of autumn seasonal garments and a strong performance by winter goods including our unique HEATTECH range.

In addition to the strong sales environment, our early launch of the autumn/winter seasonal ranges met with considerable success. As a result, our gross profit to net sales ratio improved 1.5 points, and operating income exceeded initial estimates by ¥10.0bln.

I will go through these financial data in turn in the ensuing slides.



Taking net sales first, a 17.7% increase in existing store sales was the main factor contributing to the increase in net sales of 21.8% year on year in the first quarter. Breaking that figure down further, customer numbers increased 10.8% year on year, while the average purchase price per customer rose 6.2%.

The ever-improving customer assessment of UNIQLO products and their quality, and also the continued success of our own aggressive advertising campaigns helped us attract more customers and achieve a double-digit gain in customer numbers.

The average purchase price per customer increased as we required fewer discount sales to shift summer and autumn goods in September and October. Our HEATTECH range sold extremely well in November which also helped to boost the number of items purchased. Our outerwear also sold well during the period.

We have already announced existing store sales for December 2008. And here too we see continued strength with net sales up 10.3% year on year.



We feel that several factors probably contributed to the strong rise in revenue at UNIQLO Japan including a greater appreciation by customers of improved end quality of UNIQLO products. Revenue probably also got a boost from increased awareness of the high quality materials used in the manufacture of UNIQLO garments and also the high quality, highly functional materials used in our unique ranges such as HEATTECH, etc.

Secondly, the creation of easy to find, easy to buy store displays also contributed to the first quarter rise in revenue. This was achieved by strengthening core, basic products, and increasing in-store inventory of core winter garments such as merino rib sweaters, fleece, HEATTECH, down jackets, etc.

Increasing production in line with sales trends ensured am ample supply of core garment inventory, and continued smooth sales even at higher levels.

Thirdly our concentrated advertising campaigns also helped attract customers to the stores.

Customers were drawn to our stores by the relentless stream of advertising campaigns in the first quarter including the slim bottoms, merino, fleece, HEATTECH, premium down campaigns.

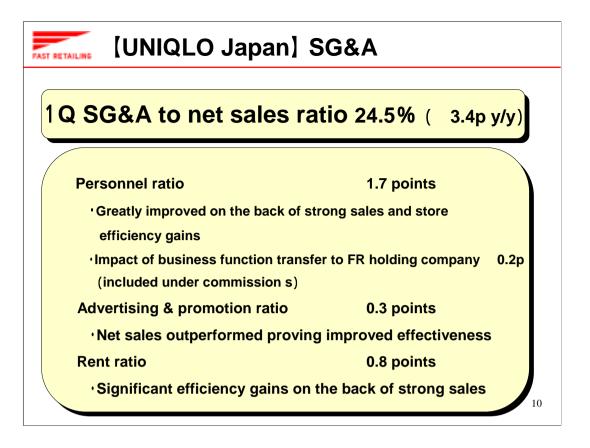


The gross profit margin at UNIQLO Japan rose 1.5 points year on year to 49.6% in the first quarter to November 2008.

This was achieved mainly through the continued incorporation of store views in determining production volumes, and continued control of discounting and limited sales.

We also feel that the successful early launch of both the autumn and winter season's garments helped boost the level of gross profit.

The reduced need to offload left-over summer and autumn inventory in this strong sales environment also contributed to the improvement in gross profit data.



SG&A costs at UNIQLO Japan increased by ¥2.5bln in line with rising sales. However, the SG&A to net sales ratio actually improved 3.4 points.

Improvements were noted across the board. The personnel to net sales ratio improved 1.7 points year on year thanks to strong overall net sales and improved store management efficiency.

However, part of the improvement in the personnel ratio, 0.2 points, relates to the transfer of business functions to the holding company, and so is included under commissions.

The advertising and promotion to net sales ratio improved 0.3 points. This improved efficiency was generated by the stronger than expected sales performance over the quarter.

The store rent ratio improved 0.8 points.

Roughly 60% of our stores are roadside stores the majority of which operate under fixed rents.

Therefore, efficiency is naturally boosted by a strong spell in existing store sales.

7AST		LO Intl】3 r	nonths t	o Nov 0	8
	Asia – favorable China, Hong K Korea – Sales Europe & US – re USA Cont	ong – maintainin favorable but wea	stores end 08/8 g favorable p aker to eat int JK (15 stores e sales	, 48 stores end erformance to profit ratio end 08/8, 16 er	nd 08/11)
	France Favo	rable sales at bo	oth in La Defe	ense, Paris	
					lions of yen
			Yr to Aug 08 3 mths to Nov 07 Actual	Yr to Aug 3 mths to Nov 08 Actual	
	UNIQLO International	Net sales Operating income/loss (to net sales)	7.0 0.2 3.0%	9.0 0.7 7.9%	+ 27.6% + 232.1% + 4.9p
					11

Next, UNIQLO International performed roughly in line with expectations with net sales rising 27.6% year on year to ¥9.0bln and operating income improving ¥0.5bln year on year to ¥0.7bln.

Business in China and Hong Kong continues favorable.

Business continues to be strong also in South Korea, but profits are being eroded there by the weakness in the Korean won.

Sales continue favorable at UNIQLO USA.

Existing store sales in the UK improved, helping to reduce the red ink for that UNIQLO operation.

Sales at the French UNIQLO outlet opened in La Defense, Paris in December 2007 continue strong.

	Apparel] (	3 months	s to Nov	08
CABIN - E GOV RETAILING g.u Ex FOOTPARK -	n <b>s to plan, ge</b> xisting store sales G - 1Q profit on in xisting store sales Profitability gains Sales continue to t	s miss target, nproved busir s up 10%+, pro year on year	down slightl ness manage ofitability up	
			Bill	ions of yen
		Yr to Aug 08 3 mths to Nov 07 Actual	Yr to Aug 3 mths to Nov 08 Actual	09 y/y
Japan Apparel	Net sales Operating income/loss (to net sales)	11.6 0.2 -	13.6 0.2 2.2%	+ 16.9%
				12

Next, performance improved at our Japan Apparel operation. Net sales rose 16.9% year on year to ¥13.6bln, and operating income improved ¥0.4bln to generate a final gain of ¥0.2bln.

CABIN sales fell slightly short of target, but performance at GOV RETAILING proved firm. Net net, performance for the Japan Apparel segment as a whole continued on track, generating that small profit in the first quarter.

Sales of mainstay brands at CABIN such as ZAZIE and enracine were favorable, but existing store sales actually dipped year on year, bringing the operation in slightly below target.

GOV RETAILING continues to reform business management functions following the merger of domestic subsidiaries low-cost fashion retailer G.U. and footwear retailers ONEZONE and VIEWCOMPANY in September 2008. GOV RETAILING actually generated a small profit in the first quarter.

g.u. enjoyed a double-digit gain in existing store sales in the first quarter along with improved profitability.

Profitability also improved at FOOTPARK compared to the previous year.

However, sales at VIEW continue to fall short of target.



Riding on the tailwind of consumer's new found frugality, our low-cost g.u. brand has been enjoying double-digit gains in existing store sales since the spring. Improved product development skills and stronger advertising channels including flyers, etc. are also likely to have contributed to rising revenue at g.u. And awareness of g.u. stores and the g.u. brand is now increasing. Since we believe that there is ample room for the low-cost apparel market to expand, we are aiming to further boost performance through the development of own g.u. products with ever more compelling price appeal.

Take for example the cashmere touch-knit cape in the picture. Priced at ¥1,290, the product appeals in terms of super design as well as value for money, and has been selling extremely well.

FOOTPARK continues to take steps in the right direction in terms of rising profitability.

Several factors are in play here; lower HQ management costs following the 3-company merger, a smoother inventory cycle, and a higher proportion of in-house designed footwear on the store racks.

Looking ahead, we will be aiming to turn this into a highly profitable venture by building an entirely new type of footwear business, a business that can become the second or the third UNIQLO of the future.

Sales from our our VIEW footwear operation continued to fall short of target in the first quarter. However, we are looking to generate a recovery in sales by strengthening product planning and inventory control to minimize potential lost sales.

#### [Global Brands] 3 months to Nov 08 FAST RETAILING Revenue & profit down as European econ & Euro weaken **COMPTOIR DES COTONNIERS** Net sales under perform as European economy slows **PRINCESSE TAM.TAM** Both sales and income roughly on target Consolidated 5 months of results (July-Nov) in FR 1Q accounts Billions of yen Yr to Aug 08 Yr to Aug 09 3 mths to Nov 08 3 mths to Nov 07 Actual Actual y/y 12.2 7.9 Net sales 35.5% Global Brands **Operating income/loss** 2.4 1.0 59.4% 20.3% 12.8% 7.5p (to net sales) We have accounted as investment income a non-operating gain of 7 million yen for the period from Sep - Nov 2008 generated by our equity method affiliate LINK THEORY HOLDINGS CO., LTD.. Due to a change in business year end, net sales of approx. ¥2.7bln and an operating profit of approximately ¥0.6bln for July – August 2007 are also included in the PRINCESSE TAM.TAM data<sup>14</sup> for the three months to November 2007.

Revenue and income from the Global Brand operation fell in the first quarter on the back of the slowdown in the European economy. Net sales fell 35.5% year on year to ¥7.9bln, and operating income fell 59.4% to ¥1.0bln. This result was even lower than our initial conservative expectations.

The European economic slowdown impacted the COMPTOIR DES COTONNIERS brand, with net sales falling short of target. In Euro terms, revenue increased but income fell during the first quarter.

While net sales under performed expectations at PRINCESSE TAM.TAM, cost reductions helped cushion the blow with profit figures coming in roughly to plan. In Euro terms, profit was flat to slightly lower for the quarter.

Please note that, owing to a change in business year end at French lingerie brand PRINCESSE TAM.TAM, net sales of ¥2.7bln and operating income of ¥0.6bln for July and August 1007 are included in the ¥12.2bln net sales figure and ¥2.4bln operating income figure accounted by the brand for the September to November 2007 quarter.

If you strip out this anomaly, Global Brands net sales for the September to November 2007 quarter came in at ¥9.5bln, and operating income at ¥1.8bln. Comparing the September to November 2008 quarter to this new figure produces a smaller 20% fall in net sales and 50% reduction in income in yen terms.

In addition, the yen strengthened by roughly 20% in the first quarter. If you strip out this currency effect, net sales at the Global Brands segment would have been roughly flat, with income falling approximately 30%.

One further note, we have accounted an investment income of ¥7million as a non-operating gain generated by our equity-method affiliate LINK THEORY HOLDINGS CO., LTD. in the first quarter.

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#### [Group] Balance sheet at end Nov 08

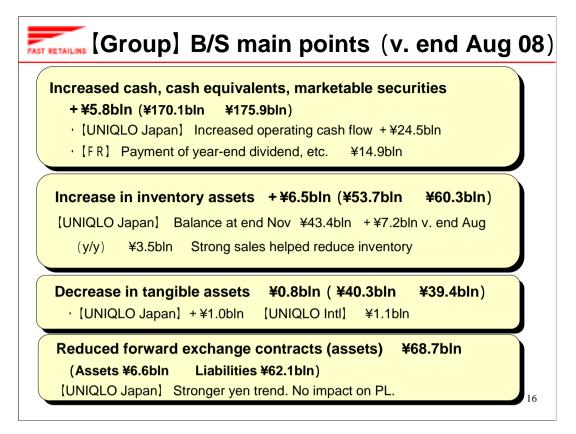
			Billions of yen
	End Aug 08	End Nov 08	Change
Total Assets	404.7	460.0	+ 55.3
Current Assets	263.6	323.2	+ 59.5
Fixed Assets	141.0	136.7	4.2
Liabilities	140.7	226.4	+ 85.7
Net Assets	264.0	233.5	30.4
			15

Next, I would like to take you through our balance sheet as it stood at end November 2008.

Compared with end August 2008, we generated a ¥59.5bln rise in current assets, while fixed assets fell ¥4.2bln.

The end result was a ¥55.3bln increase in total assets to ¥460.0bln.

I would like to take you through the main points on the balance sheet in the following slide.



First of all, cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities increased by ¥5.8bln year on year to ¥175.9bln. Of this total, ¥24.5bln was generated by increased operating cash flow at UNIQLO Japan. FAST RETAILING experienced a cash outflow of ¥14.9bln used to pay the business year-end dividend.

Inventory assets increased by ¥6.5bln in November compared to end August to ¥60.3bln. UNIQLO Japan inventory stood at ¥43.4bln at end November, a ¥7.2bln rise on August 2008. However first quarter sales were extremely strong versus the comparable September – November 2007 quarter. Compared to that period, inventory levels at end November 2008 were considerably lower, down ¥3.5bln in fact.

Tangible assets fell ¥0.8bln at end November compared to end August 2008. Tangible assets increased ¥1.0bln on the back of new store openings at UNIQLO Japan, but the stronger yen effect reduced tangible assets at UNIQLO International of approximately ¥1.1bln.

Total forward exchange contracts fell by ¥68.7bln at end November compared to end August 2008. This refers to appropriate hedge accounting in line with the current stronger yen trend, and has no impact on our profit and loss position.

## [Group] Forecasts for yr to Aug 09

#### Upward revision for sales and income

FAST RETAILING

					Bill	ions of yen
	Yr to Aug 08	Yr to A	ug 09	Yr	to Aug 0	9
	Actual	Initial est.		Revised est.		
		(10/9)	y/y	(1/9)	y/y	v.initial est.
Net sales	586.4	620.0	+ 5.7%	627.0	+ 6.9%	+ 1.1%
(to net sales)	100.0%	100.0%		100.0%		
Gross profit	293.6	310.0	+ 5.6%	313.0	+ 6.6%	+ 1.0%
(to net sales)	50.1%	50.0%	0.1p	49.9%	0.2p	0.1 p
SG&A expenses	206.1	217.0	+ 5.2%	214.0	+ 3.8%	1.4%
(to net sales)	35.2%	35.0%	0.2p	34.1%	1.1p	0.9 <sub>p</sub>
Operating income	87.4	93.0	+ 6.3%	99.0	+ 13.2%	+ 6.5%
(to net sales)	14.9%	15.0%	+ 0.1 p	15.8%	+ 0.9p	+ 0.8p
Other gains/loss	85.6	93.0	+ 8.5%	95.0	+ 10.9%	+ 2.2%
(to net sales)	14.6%	15.0%	+ 0.4 p	15.2%	+ 0.6p	+ 0.2p
Net income	43.5	48.0	+ 10.3%	50.0	+ 14.9%	+ 4.2%
(to net sales)	7.4%	7.7%	+ 0.3p	8.0%	+ 0.6p	+ 0.3p

Year to August 2009 – estimate: capital expenditure: ¥18.0bln depreciation: ¥10.0bln Year to August 2008 – actual : capital expenditure: ¥21.0bln depreciation: ¥8.5bln

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I would now like to go on to explain our business estimates for the full year to end August 2009.

We have revised up our full year consolidated forecasts for net sales from ¥620.0bln to ¥627.0bln, and for operating income from ¥93.0bln to ¥99.0bln.

Our full-year estimate for ordinary income has been revised from ¥93.0bln to ¥95.0bln, also taking into account a ¥4.0bln loss on foreign exchange incurred in the first quarter through November 2008.

## [UNIQLO Japan] Forecasts for yr to Aug 09

#### Revise up net sales ¥20.0bln, OP by ¥10.0bln

Billions of yen

	Yr to Aug 08	Yr to A Initial est.	ug 09	Yr Revised est.	to Aug 09	
	Actual	(10/9)	y/y	(1/9)	y/y	v.initial est.
Net sales	462.3	482.0	+ 4.3%	502.0	+ 8.6%	+ 4.1%
(to net sales)	100.0%	100.0%	0	100.0%	0	0
Gross profit	224.1	231.4	+ 3.3%	243.0	+ 8.4%	+ 5.0%
(to net sales)	48.5%	48.0%	( 0.5p)	48.4%	( 0.1p)	(+0.4p)
SG&A expenses	137.6	141.3	+ 2.6%	143.0	+ 3.9%	+ 1.2%
(to net sales)	29.8%	29.3%	( 0.5p)	28.5%	( <b>1.3</b> p)	( 0.8p)
Operating income	86.4	90.0	+ 4.2%	100.0	+ 15.7%	+ 11.1%
(to net sales)	18.7%	18.7%	(+0.0p)	19.9%	(+1.2p)	(+1.2p)
						18

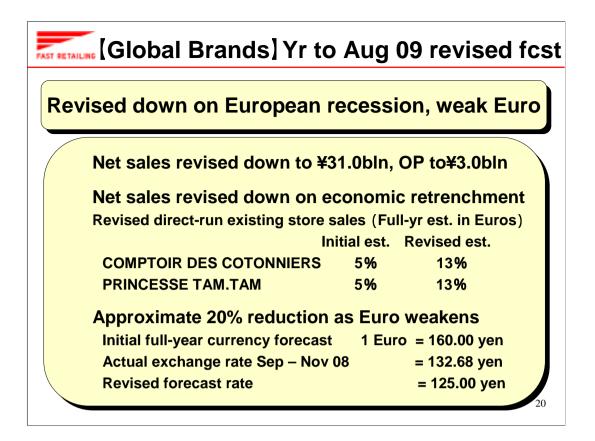
We have revised up our full-year forecasts for the mainstay UNIQLO Japan operation to reflect the strong sales performance in the first quarter. We are now predicting full-year net sales of ¥502.0bln (up ¥20.0bln on the initial estimate) and operating income of ¥100.0bln (a ¥10.0bln increase on the initial estimate).

									Billions	of yen
		Yr t	o Aug	g 08		۱	r to A	Aug 0	9	
			Actua	I	Revis	ed est	t. (1/9)		y/y	
Net sales		462.3		502.0			+8.6%			
Existing sto	ore growth (Full yr)	+ 2.9%			+ 5.8%			-		
	1H		+ 1.5%			+ 9.6%			-	
	2H	+ 4.8%		+ 1.0%			-			
Gross prof	it margin (Full yr)		48.5%			48.4%			0.1p	
	1H		47.6%			48.3%			+ 0.7p	
	2H		49.5%		48.5%			1.0p		
SG&A ratio	S&A ratio (Full yr)		29.8%			28.5%			1.3p	
	1H		27.7%			25.9%			1.8p	
	2H		31.9%			31.9%			0.0p	
Store nos (	direct run)	Open	Close	Net	Open	Close	Net	Open	Close	Net
	Full year	56	46	+10	52	32	+20	4	14	+10
	Large-format	22	0	+22	24	0	+24	+2	0	+2
	Standard-format	32	46	14	28	32	4	4	14	+10
	Speciality stores	2	0	+2	0	0	0	2	0	2
	1H	33	25	+8	23	16	+7	10	9	1
	Large-format	10	0	+10	11	0	+11	+1	0	1
	Standard-format	21	25	4	12	16	4	9	9	0
	Speciality stores	2	0	+2	0	0	0	2	-	2
	2H	23	21	+2	29	16	+13	+6	5	+11
	Large-format	12	0	12	-	0	+13		0	+1
	Standard-format	11	21	10	-	16	+0	+5	5	+10
	Speciality stores	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	+0	0

We have revised the figures in this attached slide on underlying forecast assumptions for UNIQLO Japan to reflect actual results for the first quarter.

In light of the strong first quarter performance, we have revised certain data as follows: the rate of increase in existing store sales for the first half through February 2009 is revised up from 1.8% to 9.6%, Our gross profit margin forecast is revised up from the initial estimate of 47.6% to 48.3%, and the SG&A to net sales ratio is revised down from 27.2% to 25.9%.

Store opening and closing plans for the first six months to February 2009 have been revised. The number of new standard-format store openings is now set at 12, 2 less than the initial estimate. The number of planned 1H store closures has been reduced by 3 to 16 stores.



Next, I would like to move onto our full-year estimates for the Global Brands segment. Sales of both the COMPTOIR DES COTONNIERS and PRINCESSE TAM.TAM brands are expected to suffer under the encroaching European economic downturn. The yen has also strengthened considerably from our initial forecast levels. For these reasons, we are revising down our estimates for net sales from the Global Brands segment to ¥31.0bln and for operating income to ¥3.0bln.

Initially we had predicted a fall in direct-run existing store sales at the COMPTOIR DES COTONNIERS operation of 5%. But given the severity of most recent sales conditions, we are now expecting a fall in the region of 13% year on year.

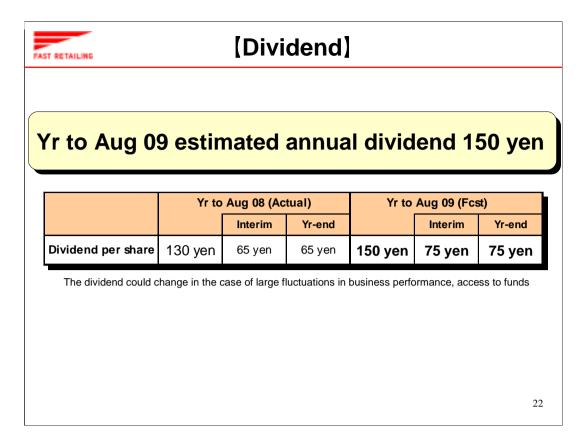
We had initially predicted the same 5% fall in direct-run store sales at our PRINCESSE TAM.TAM operation. However, here again we are now forecasting a drop off in sales of approximately 13% year on year.

We had incorporated a Euro exchange rate of 160 yen in our initial estimates. However, given the recent strengthening of the yen, we have revised this forecast to 125 yen per Euro – an approximate 20% increase in the yen's value versus the European currency.

TAILING Yr to	o Aug 09	9 fore	ecas	ts b	y ol	oera	itio			
UN	IQLO Japa	n :I	Revis	ed u	owar	ds				
	•									
UNIQLO Intl : Unchanged										
Japan Apparel Unchanged										
Global Brands : Revised downwards										
						Bill	ions of v			
Yr to Aug 08 Yr to Aug 09 Yr to Aug 09										
		Actual	Initial est.	-	Revised est.					
		Actual	(10/9)	y/y	(1/9)	y/y	v.initial est			
	Net sales	462.3	482.0	+ 4.3%	502.0	+ 8.6%	+ 4.1%			
UNIQLO Japan	Operating income/loss	86.4	90.0	+ 4.2%	100.0	+ 15.7%	+ 11.1%			
	(to net sales)	18.7%	18.7%	+ 0.0p	19.9%	+ 1.2p	+ 1.2p			
	Net sales	29.3	41.0	+ 39.7%	41.0	+ 39.7%	0.0%			
UNIQLO International	Operating income/loss	0.3	1.0	+ 177.8%	1.0	+ 177.8%	0.0%			
	(to net sales)	1.2%	2.4%	+ 1.2p	2.4%	+ 1.2p	0.0p			
	Net sales	49.4	50.0	+ 1.0%	50.0	+ 1.0%	0.0%			
Japan Apparel	Operating income/loss	2.8	1.0	-	1.0	-	0.0%			
	(to net sales)	-		-		-				
	Net sales	43.7	44.0	+ 0.6%	31.0	29.1%	29.5%			
Grobal Brands	Operating income/loss	7.7	7.0	9.8%	3.0	61.3%	57.1%			
	(to net sales)	17.7%	15.9%	1.8p	9.7%	q0.8	6.2p			

Our full year estimates broken down by individual operation are shown in the attached slide.

As you can see, estimated performance remains unchanged at UNIQLO International and Japan Apparel.



Finally, I would like to talk about our prospective dividend for the year to end August 2009. There is no change to our initial forecast for an annual dividend of 150 yen (including a 75 yen interim dividend). This represents a 20-yen increase in the annual dividend compared to the previous year.

For your reference, we have also provided a table on planned store openings and closures, plus interim forecasts for both UNIQLO Japan and the FR group as a whole for the six months through February 2009.

That completes this presentation. Thank you for your attention.

Units:Stor	es		Yr to Aug 08			Yr	to Aug 0	9 (1/9 fc	st)		
					3mths to						
			Yr end	Open	Act Close	Change	End Nov	Open	Close	r fcst Change	End Au
	Operation	ıs	813	33	15	+ 18	831	95	34	+ 61	87
	UNIQLO		759	23	15	+ 8	767	54	33	+ 21	78
		Direct-run	740	22	15	+ 7	747	52	32	+ 20	76
		Large-format	50	11	0	+ 11	61	24	0	+ 24	7
		Standard-format	678	11	15	4	674	28	32	4	67
		Specialty	12	0	0	0	12	0	0	0	1
		Franchise	19	1	0	+ 1	20	2	1	+ 1	2
	UNIQLO	International:	54	10	0	+ 10	64	41	1	+ 40	9
		China	13	2	0	2	15	19	0	+ 19	3
		Hong Kong	8	2	0	2	10	4	0	+ 4	1
		South Korea	18	5	0	5	23	14	0	+ 14	3
		Sigapore	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	+ 2	
		UK	13	1	0	+ 1	14	2	1	1	1
		US	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	
		France	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	
CABIN			193	19	10	+9	202	41	17	+ 24	21
GOV RET	AILING		457	8	4	+ 4	461	14	74	60	39
	g.u.		58	4	3	+1	59	9	7	+ 2	6
	FOOTPA	₹К	294	1	1	0	294	2	59	57	23
	VIEW		105	3	0	+ 3	108	3	8	5	10
СОМРТО	R DES CO	OTONNIERS	348	13	0	+ 13	361	19	2	+ 17	36
PRINCESS	SE TAM.T	AM	150	12	0	12	162	15	0	+ 15	16
	Tota	al	1.961	85	29	56	2.017	184	127	+ 57	2,01

# [UNIQLO Japan] Forecast for 6 mths to Feb 09

				Bi	llions of yen	
Yr to Aug 08	Yr to A	ug 09	Yr	to Aug 09		
Interim Act.	Initial est. (10/9)	y/y	Revised est. (1/9)	y/y	v.intial est.	
253.2	265.0	+ 4.6%	285.0	+ 12.5%	+ 7.5%	
100.0%	100.0%		100.0%			
120.6	126.1	+ 4.5%	137.7	+ 14.1%	+ 9.2%	
47.6%	47.6%	0.1p	48.3%	+ 0.7p	+ 0.7p	
70.0	72.0	+ 2.7%	73.7	+ 5.1%	+ 2.4%	
27.7%	27.2%	0.5p	25.9%	1.8p	1.3p	
50.5	54.1	+ 7.0%	64.0	+ 26.6%	+ 18.3%	
20.0%	20.4%	+ 0.4p	22.5%	+ 2.5p	+ 2.0p	
	Interim Act. 253.2 100.0% 120.6 47.6% 70.0 27.7% 50.5	Interim Act.         Initial est. (10/9)           253.2         265.0           100.0%         100.0%           120.6         126.1           47.6%         47.6%           70.0         72.0           27.7%         27.2%           50.5         54.1	Interim Act.         Initial est. (10/9)         y/y           253.2         265.0         + 4.6%           100.0%         100.0%         +           120.6         126.1         + 4.5%           47.6%         47.6%         0.1p           70.0         72.0         + 2.7%           27.7%         27.2%         0.5p           50.5         54.1         + 7.0%	Interim Act.         Initial est. (10/9)         y/y         Revised est. (1/9)           253.2         265.0         + 4.6%         285.0           100.0%         100.0%         100.0%           120.6         126.1         + 4.5%         137.7           47.6%         47.6%         0.1p         48.3%           70.0         72.0         + 2.7%         73.7           27.7%         27.2%         0.5p         25.9%           50.5         54.1         + 7.0%         64.0	Yr to Aug 08 Interim Act.         Yr to Aug 09 Initial est. (10/9)         Yr to Aug 09 Revised est. (1/9)         Yr to Aug 09 Revised est. (1/9)           253.2         265.0         + 4.6%         285.0         + 12.5%           100.0%         100.0%         100.0%         100.0%         + 12.5%           100.0%         100.0%         100.0%         + 4.6%         285.0         + 12.5%           100.0%         100.0%         100.0%         + 4.6%         137.7         + 14.1%           47.6%         47.6%         0.1p         48.3%         + 0.7p           70.0         72.0         + 2.7%         73.7         + 5.1%           27.7%         27.2%         0.5p         25.9%         1.8p           50.5         54.1         + 7.0%         64.0         + 26.6%	



## [Group] Forecast for 6 mths to Feb 09

Billions of yen						
	6 mths to Feb 08 6 mths to Feb 09		6 mths to Feb 09			
	Interim results	Initial est.		Revised		
	interim results	(10/9)	y/y	est.	y/y	v.initial est.
Net sales	316.4	335.0	+5.9%	349.0	+10.3%	+4.2%
(to net sales)	100.0%	100.0%		100.0%		
Gross profit	156.9	166.0	+5.8%	174.0	+10.9%	+4.8%
(to net sales)	49.6%	49.6%	( 0.0p)	49.9%	(+0.3p)	(+0.3p)
SG&A	102.6	110.0	+7.2%	110.0	+7.2%	+0.0%
(to net sales)	32.4%	32.8%	(+0.4p)	31.5%	( 0.9p)	( 1.3p)
Operating income	54.2	56.0	+3.2%	64.0	+17.9%	+14.3%
(to net sales)	17.2%	16.7%	( 0.4p)	18.3%	(+1.1p)	(+1.6p)
Ordinary income	53.4	56.0	+4.8%	60.0	+12.3%	+7.1%
(to net sales)	16.9%	16.7%	( 0.2p)	17.2%	(+0.3p)	(+0.5p)
Net income	28.6	32.0	+11.7%	35.0	+22.2%	+9.4%
(to net sales)	9.1%	9.6%	(+0.5p)	10.0%	(+0.9p)	(+0.4p)